

See
Moutrie's
Advertisement
below

The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1840

September 8, 1922, Temperature 78.

Barometer 29.70

Rainfall 0.00 inch.

Humidity 96.

September 8, 1922, Temperature 78.

No. 18,666.

五拜禮

號八'九'二十'二'百'九'千'一'英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1922.

日七十月七戌壬次歲年一十國民華中

PRICE, \$200 24. Month

RUSINESS NOTICES

Baby Grand Piano
by
Steinway
Challen
Bluthner
Moutrie
S. Moutrie & Co. Ltd.
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Breeches Makers

2 Queen's Buildings, Ice House Street.
(Opposite Café Wiseman.)

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THE CHRONOMETER AND WATCH MAKER
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SPECIALISTS IN
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Alexandra Buildings,
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"The Phonograph with a Soul"
EDISON MUSIC STORE 1st Floor, Foy's Building

We are manufacturers of
Felt Hats, Straw Hats,
Linen Hats, Toques, etc.



Manufactured in
HONGKONG
by the

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MEE WAH KNITTING & DYEING CO.

General Knitter & Dyer.
Manufacturers of Woolen Singlets, Jerseys, Sweaters &
all kinds of Underwear.
No. 6-10, Causeway Bay. Telephone 1501.
Manager: YEUNG FORWAN.

DONNELLY & WHYTE.

WINE MERCHANTS.

Tel. 530.

Tel. 530.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

WORLD DRIFTING INTO WAR

EMPIRE PEACE COUNCIL PROPOSED

LONDON, September 7.
Following the peace sermon by the Archbishop of Canterbury at Geneva on the eve of the League of Nations Assembly comes a vigorous appeal for immediate action by the Non-conformist leader Doctor Jowett who, writing in the *British Weekly* declares that the world is drifting again into war and urges the Churches, Protestant, Roman and Greek to awake from slumber. He suggests that their leaders meet in councils of peace, every nation being included. He urged that a council of peace should be held in London, attended by delegates from everywhere in the Empire, laymen as well as ecclesiastics, to demonstrate the determination of the peoples to make the ideals of Christ sovereign in the world.

Numerous leaders of churches enthusiastically endorse the appeal. Doctor Marion Newbiggin, in her presidential address to the geography section of the British Association declared that the centres of West European civilisation to-day were trembling with shock emanating from the East. Similarly there were disturbances on the borders of the later Roman Empire, therefore it was intelligible that some to-day believed that the focus of civilisation was again changing and the predominance of North Western Europe ending. Professor Peake, addressing the anthropological section suggested that civilisation was endangered, particularly owing to the alienation of the peoples of Asia and the Near East. He advocated the removal of ill feeling by sympathetic study one another's culture.

FRANCO-GERMAN CO-OPERATION

THE STINNES SCHEME DISCUSSED

LONDON, September 7.
A French economic journal states that German industrialists have begun conversations with their French colleagues regarding many businesses, offering participation in German undertakings as part of the reparations while it is reported that the French iron industry has been turned over to German industrialists with a view to some kind of co-operation. Reports from Berlin however suggest that the Germans may demand, as a condition of any understanding, alleviation of the burdens and pinpricks arising from the French military occupation of the Rhineland which have created the deepest resentment and hatred in Germany. Even Stinnes' contract (see early cables) which is being discussed by the German committee for foreign affairs to-morrow has evoked considerable opposition in the Reichstag. British public opinion on the whole is inclined to welcome such contracts as sane attempts to solve the reparations problem and thereby ease the international situation, assuming they are not executed by means of further inflation of the German currency. The danger is pointed out, however, that Germany, with her highly organised financial and economic schemes, might achieve such economic penetration of France as would menace her political independence and consequently the peace of the world.

AIR RACE FOR KING'S CUP

EXCITING GREAT INTEREST

LONDON, September 7.
Enormous interest is being taken in to-morrow's aeroplane race for the King's Cup over a course Croydon, Birmingham, Newcastle, Glasgow Manchester, Bristol, Croydon. There are twenty-two entries of all sizes and makes, including seven De Havillands. The first machine starts at nine in the morning and the others follow at their handicap intervals. The biggest machines, Blackburn, and Kangaroo, are entered by Mr. Winston Churchill and Sir Walther de la Force. The smallest are the Eagle Avro, one of which is piloted by the Australian Hinkler. The largest passenger carriers are the Vickers Vulcan and Bristol Jupiter ten-seater. Frank Courtney on a Siddleys-siskin, starting scratch, is favourite.

AMERICAN FEEDING

SCHEME TO BUILD 70,000 TON LINERS

New York, September 7.
A movement is afoot to form an American steamship company with a capital of thirty million dollars to build two electrically driven liners of seventy thousand gross tons each, according to a statement attributed to the Chairman of the Shipping Board.

THE DOLLAR

To-day's closing rate 2/5 13/16.

To-day's opening rate 2/5 13/16.

GRANCO-TURKISH WAR

THE DEFENCE OF SMYRNA

SMYRNA, September 7.
The situation is calmer. The Greeks are making an effort to organise the defence of Smyrna. The towns of Cassaba and Magnesia are reported to be in flames. British marines are guarding the gasworks and the national bank of Turkey here. The British Admiral Brock issued a statement that all measures possible will be taken to safeguard Smyrna.

MORE GREEK EVACUATIONS

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 7.
The Greeks evacuated several districts on the Asiatic shore. A detachment of Turkish gendarmes is being sent to maintain order.

GREEK GENERALISSIMO CAPTURED

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 7.
Messages from Angora state that Tricoupi, the new Greek generalissimo and several other Greek generals were captured on September 2 and taken to the Kemalist headquarters where they were treated as guests by Mustafa Kemal. Nationalist forces have reached Salihli. A corps of Turkish cavalry twenty-two thousand strong after the capture of Esmiciche, proceeded in the direction of Smyrna where they are expected to arrive in a few days.

KING CONSTANTINE SAID TO HAVE LEFT

LONDON, September 7.
There are decided indications that the Greeks are preparing to make a stand outside Smyrna. Italy has sent a note suggesting that the Venice conference be held as soon as possible after September 15. It is reported from Paris that King Constantine has left Athens for an unknown destination.

SITUATION BECOMING CRITICAL

SMYRNA, September 7.
The situation is becoming critical. Several British families have left. Admiral Brock put a number of merchant ships at the disposal of Britishers and posted destroyers to cover their embarkation. The French and Italian authorities, besides landing marines to protect their nationals, called on all their male citizens to serve in a volunteer force. Greek troops with Venizelist officers have arrived from Thrace, consequently it is hoped that the Turkish advance will be resisted. The remainder of the French fleet is expected to night. Serious trouble is feared if relief measures for refugees are not taken.

GREEKS PREPARED TO QUIT

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 7.
The Allies have informed the Angora government that Greece is prepared to evacuate Asia Minor conditionally upon an armistice being immediately concluded.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS

GOING AHEAD GRADUALLY

GENEVA, September 7.
At the assembly of the League of Nations Viscount Ishii (Japan) said that the League was developing gradually. They might be proud of the results already obtained. Disarmament was one of the most important questions before it. He extolled the work of the Washington conference especially that of Earl Balfour.

PERMANENT MEMBERS INCREASED

PARIS, September 7.
There is an unconfirmed report from Geneva that it has been agreed to increase the number of the permanent members of the Council of the League of Nations from four to seven, one each being reserved for Scandinavia the little entente; and Latin America.

BRITISH POST OFFICES IN CHINA

TO GO ON NOVEMBER 30

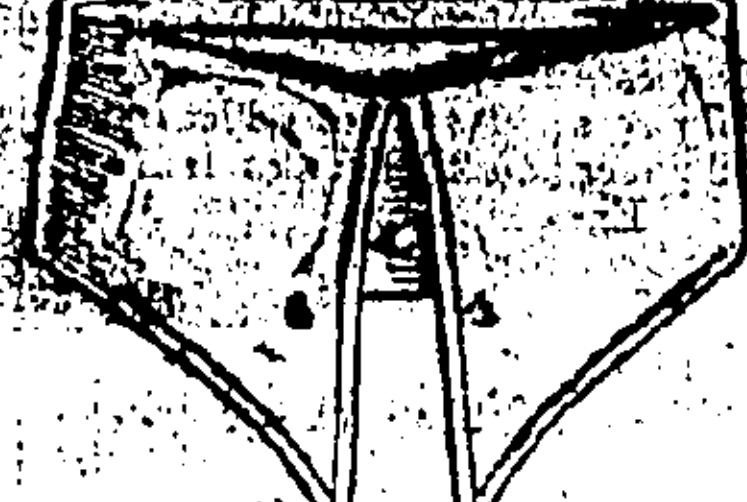
LONDON, September 7.
The Post Office announces that in accordance with Washington conference decisions the British Post Offices at Amoy, Canton, Chefoo, Foochow, Hankow, Hohow, Ningpo, Shanghai, Swatow and Tientsin will withdraw on about November 30. As far as at present arranged the agency at Weihaiwei which is on leased territory will remain open. Hongkong is not affected. Mails for closing agencies will not be despatched from the United Kingdom after September 30.

HORSE BREEDING IN JAPAN

LONDON, September 7.
Representatives of the Japanese government have purchased twelve hackney stallions in England for the purpose of crossing them with native mares to produce speedy horses with plenty of stamina and speed.

BUSINESS NOTICES

Summit
SOFT
COLLARS



Shape 66—Made of white 'Summit' material. This Shape gives the greatest comfort and is deservedly the most popular of all soft Collar Shapes.
With or without holes for safety pin.
Shape 69—Made of white Pique. Same shape as 66. To those who like a rather firmer collar this pique material will appeal.
Eyelet holes for safety pin.
NEW STOCKS IN ALL SIZES.

MACKINTOSH

& CO., LTD.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS.

Alexandra Building. Des Vaux Road

Only a "COUGH" but you stop it while it is ONLY a cough.

"A stitch in time saves nine"

FLETCHER'S COUGH LINCTUS will do it.

It is effective and pleasant to take.

Guaranteed to contain no harmful ingredients.

75 Cents a bottle. Obtainable at

THE PHARMACY (FLETCHER & CO., LTD.)

22 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

"HIGHLAND QUEEN"

Macdonald & Co.
SCOTCH WHISKY
HIGHLAND QUEEN
THE PERFECTION OF QUALITY
The perfect quality of quality

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Workshop, Canton Road, Kowloon, Phone K. 731.
Prop. T. L. LEUNG. Manager K. C. LEUNG.

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Coal Merchants & Contractors. 27, Queen's Road Central. Tel. 770. Cable address 'Hindrance' Sole Agents for Fuchsen Coal. We stock in our godowns 15 grades of other Fuchsen Coal.

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Above Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

LAMBERT BROS.

AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS
AND SURVEYORS.
Public Auctions.

THE Undermentioned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction.

TUESDAY, September 12, 1932,
commencing at 11 a.m.
at No. 18, Olddown of the Hongkong &
Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. Ltd.,
Kowloon.

410 pieces and 46 bundles Round Iron
100 pieces and 83 bundles Square Iron
55 pieces and 3 bundles Flat Iron
99 pieces and 43 bundles Iron Bar
Ends

410 pieces Bar Iron
174 coils Old Wire
7 packages Wire Ropes
4 cases Portland Rubber tapping
cups

Terms:—Cash on delivery.
LAMBERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

ON
THURSDAY, September 14, 1932,
commencing at 3 p.m.
at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,
Cno New Cubitt 5-passenger
Touring Car
(with 5 disc wheels and tyres)
and accessories

On view now at the United Motor
Co's garage, Wanchai
Terms:—Cash on delivery.

LAMBERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, September 8, 1932.

SHADOWS BEFORE.

COMING EVENTS ADVERTISED
IN THE "MAIL."

ENTERTAINMENTS.

September 8.—Coronet Theatre:
Tom Moore in "The Great Accident";
World Theatre: Wanda Hawley in
"The Snob"; Kowloon Theatre:
Herbert Rawlinson in "Passers By."

PUBLIC AUCTION SALES.

September 12.—Hughes and Hough,
teakwood and blackwood furniture
and household sundries, also blankets,
travelling rugs and sundry household
furnishings. Sales rooms 2.30 p.m.

September 12.—Lambert Bros.,
sundries, square and flat irons, iron
bar ends, bar iron, old wire, wire rope,
and rubber tapping cups. No. 18,
Olddown, Kowloon, 11 a.m.

September 14.—Lambert Bros.,
new "Cubitt" touring car and
accessories. Sales Rooms, 3 p.m.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

THE GREAT NORTHERN TELE-
GRAPH COMPANY, LTD.

The following unclaimed telegrams
are lying at the office of The
Great Northern Telegraph Company
(Limited):—

Kikey Steamer Glenbeg Ewo, from
Shanghai.

Messagerie fr Sun-kin-yu Chauffeur,
Chinois Andre Lebon, from Shanghai.

Charol, from Tokio.

Oswald Passenger Sardinia, from
Tientsin.

Wing-cao Gung-Joe Victoria Street,
from Yokohama.

Liu-yin-chin No. 7 Leung-fo Terrace,
from Shanghai.

Cong-song-yo Dahdee Yee-ling chey,
from Shanghai.

2544, from Peking.

Kwong-shun-chong, from Yokohama.

Chi-nam, from Amoy.

Ko-che-ming c/o Great Eastern Hotel,
from Amoy.

Yu-tai Wing-lok Street, from Shang-
hai.

Anhui, from Taipeh.

(Celery) Shun cheong I. Kwong-yuen,
Street East, from Kobe.

Kian-ling-chau 106 Telahatchong,
from Amoy.

Vong-teo-pao 15 Landele Street,
from Shanghai.

King-bing Eng-lok Street, from
Taipeh.

Loo-terg-siu, from Amoy.

Men-ke chey, from Shanghai.

Chen soy-chor 11 Old-Peel Street,
fourth floor, from Shanghai.

Hoo-son, from Peking.

Yue-tai, from Keelung.

Th. KHING,

Superintendent.

Hongkong, August 31, 1932.

**EASTERN EXTENSION AUSTRAL-
ASIA & CHINA TELEGRAPH CO.**

List of unclaimed telegrams lying in
K. E. Telegraph Office, Hongkong,
Latham, from London.

Mayenne, from Sydney P. O.

Mayenne, from London.

INTIMATIONS

FOR SALE

SUTTON'S

TESTED

VEGETABLE AND FLOWER
SEEDS.

This is the year to have a good
garden. Plant lots of seeds and take
care of the Garden, then you will
have every reason to be pleased with
the result.

GRAGA & CO.

Dealers in Garden Seeds, Postage
Stamps, View Postcards, Toys, etc.
No. 10, Wyndham Street,
P. O. Box 620, Hongkong.

SHOEMAKERS.

(Japanese Hand Made)

Every kind of Footwear.
MADE TO ORDER.



CHERRY & CO.

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Telephone No. 491
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

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2nd Floor.

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(opposite to the "China Mail")

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HAT MAKER.

No. 16, Wyndham Street.

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24, Queen's Rd. Cn. Heard St. Wanchai Rd.
THE EASTERN SUPPLY CO.
General Contractors
House and Office Furnishings
Ship's Upholsterers and Painters
Tel. 4302.

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Office at
the late JEN TING,
14, D'Aguiar Street.

VERNS VERY MODERATE
DENTISTRY FEE.

ASAHI BEER



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A Quarter Deck Council—Unanimous decision in favour of

FELUCCA EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

Possess an individuality and distinction that never fails to charm.

This Advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ltd.

DOCTORS' SECRETS.

CONFIDENCES OF PATIENTS.

"Professional Secrets," a matter of
outstanding interest to the general
public, was discussed at the first
session of the British Medical Associa-
tion's ninetieth annual congress,
held in Glasgow in midweek, and a
policy was laid down as to future
action in support of doctors who
refuse to divulge in the witness-box
the confidences communicated to
them by their patients in the privacy
of their consulting-rooms. Dr. R.
Wallace Herry, of Leicester, presided.

The greater part of the afternoon
was devoted to a keen debate on the
question, which has been summarised
in the sentence, "Should doctors tell?"
Dr. R. Langdon Down, of Hampton
Wick, Middlesex, introduced the sub-
ject as chairman of the Central
Ethical Committee. He moved the
following recommendation by the
council:

That it be the policy of the asso-
ciation to support in every way
possible any member of the British
Medical Association within the United
Kingdom who, in the opinion of the
council or the Central Ethical Com-
mittee acting on behalf of the council,
after due consideration of the
circumstances, is deemed to have
been justified in refusing to disclose
any information he may have ob-
tained in the exercise of his pro-
fessional duties.

Dr. Langdon Down explained that
this recommendation was in substi-
tution for last year's resolution at New-
castle, which he now asked the re-
presentative body to rescind. That
resolution was:

That the association use all its
power to support a member of the
association who refuses to divulge
without the patient's consent infor-
mation obtained in the exercise of his
professional duties except where it is
already provided by Act of Parlia-
ment that he must do so.

As was pointed out, however, in
the report of the council, a literal inter-
pretation of that resolution seemed to
promise that the association would
support any member who chose to
disobey an order of the Court that he
should divulge information which he
thought he ought not to divulge. To
hold out this prospect, said Dr. Lan-
don Down, would, in the opinion of
the council, be to accept a responsi-
bility that the association would not
under present circumstances, be just-
ified in assuming. The most the
association could fairly be expected to
do was to support a member who
took upon himself the responsibility
after due consideration, was of
opinion that it was his duty to
refuse to divulge information in the
witness-box.

interests of the public and the
profession. The council felt that to
put into the hands of an individual
member the power to command the
full support of all the forces of the
association was much more than could
properly and safely be done. The
policy now recommended represented
the utmost limit to which the associa-
tion ought to pledge itself in advance
before knowing the actual circum-
stances of a particular case. It reserved
to the council the right to decide
whether refusal to divulge information
was justified, or not. Dr. Langdon
Down intimated that the support
which the council proposed to give to
any doctor whose refusal to tell was
deemed justified would take the
following form:

(a) Arrangements to be made by
the local division of the association
for the carrying on of such doctor's
practice;

(b) The organisation of public
opinion through the Press, Houses
of Parliament, &c.;

(c) Legal advice to be provided
by the association.

Dr. McGregor Robertson, of
Glasgow, said that either the associa-
tion had to maintain that the medical
profession had a privilege similar to
the privilege of solicitors and clergy-
men, or it could do nothing. He pro-
tested that the solution proposed by
the council was an evasion of a clear,
well-defined issue, as laid down in
last year's resolution. What would
happen if a medical man in the wit-
ness-box declined to answer a question
on the ground of the confidence placed
in him in the consulting-room? He
might be committed for contempt of
Court and held in prison until he was
considered to have "purged his
offence." The council or the General
Ethical Committee would then be
called upon to consider his case.

Three months might elapse before it
was decided to "support" the man.
Meanwhile "he was languishing in
prison."

Dr. Robertson quoted a case in
which a Court had held that a clergy-
man was not required to divulge
information obtained in confidential
communication from the penitent.
The same relationship should be
established between the medical man
and the patient.

A RACED DUTY.

Dr. James Stewart, of Lambeth,
said the medical profession had al-
ways regarded secrecy as a sacred
duty, and they should set themselves
against any idea getting abroad that
there was going to be any relaxation
of the conditions that in the past had
divided between them and their patients.
If people got the idea that they should
tell their doctors as little as possible,
the doctors would not have the means
of understanding and being of use to
their patients.

CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.

Are you subject to attacks of diar-
rhoea? Keep absolutely quiet for a few
days, rest in bed if possible, be careful
of your diet and take Chamberlain's
Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This
medicine has cured cases of chronic
diarrhoea that had been treated on
all sorts of fads, and it will cure you. For sale by all
Chemists and Druggists.

half the cases they attend. Women,
he declared, would be the greatest
sufferers.

Dr. E. F. Thomas, of London, said
that the Lord Chancellor had issued
a memorandum contending that no
special privilege existed in the matter,
and that the law must stand. "If
that is the policy of the Cabinet,"
declared Dr. Thomas, "we must stand
on our own feet."

Mr. Douglas, of Cuper Fife, said
they were not fighting the battle of
the profession in this matter, but the
battle of the patients and of the public.

Dr. Bristowe, of Bristol, said their
present position was that if a patient
came saying, "I want to tell you all,"
they might as well say, "Yes, you
may say it but it may be used in
evidence against you." (A Member:
"No.")

By an overwhelming majority last
year's resolution was rescinded, and
the recommendation adopted.

"The discussion" continued on the
question of securing "special con-
sideration" from the Courts, and re-
sulted in the passing of a further re-
commendation by the council, prefixed
by the words of an amendment from
the Kensington division, the combined
resolution reading:

That, as in the opinion of this
meeting it is an essential principle of
medical conduct that information ob-
tained in connection with the treat-
ment of patients should not be divulged
without the consent of the patient
concerned, the proper preservation of
professional secrecy necessitates a
measure of special consideration being
recognised for medical witnesses in
courts of law above and beyond what
is accorded to the ordinary witness.

On the question being raised as to
what was to be the procedure in the
case of the certification of lunatics,
the following words were added to the
foregoing resolution: "Save to pre-
vent grave injury or injury to the
State, the patient, or other members
of the community."

Dr. E. B. Turner said that when he
had refused to divulge confidential in-
formation in the witness-box the ques-
tion had not been pressed. If they
all determined to stick to their guns
one or two of them might have to
sample "skilly," but there would not
be many more.

The council was instructed to con-
sider the proposed scheme for modifi-
cation of notification of venereal disease.

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ROSS'S BINOCULARS AND TELESCOPES,

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Motor cars for sale and repair. Accessories, tyres and spare parts supplied.

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Grand Hotel Kalee

PEKING: Grand Hotel des Wagon Lits

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The Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Ltd.

PALACE HOTEL KOWLOON

Recently renovated and refurbished, electric light and fans throughout
and entirely under new management. Outside under the personal supervision
of the proprietor, Bar and Billiard Rooms. Terms moderate. Special terms to
families on application.

Telephone K. 3. Telegraphic Add.: "PALACE."

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HOTEL "ASIA"

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Leading Hotel in South China.

First class Accommodation. Electric Lights, Fans and
Elevators. Roof Garden. Hairdressing Saloon.

Splendid Views of City and Pearl River.

Excellent Cuisine. Moderate Rates.

Under the Management of the

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CENTRAL LOCATION

11, ELIZABETH STREET, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon.
Ideal for Tourists, Business Men, and Families.
Baths and Sanitary Facilities, Hot and Cold
Water, Electric Light, Best of Food and
Service.
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J. WITCHELL, Manager.

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Times and Dinners

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Coal Contractors for the

Household.

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GENTLEMEN'S

TAILOR

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You will arise refreshed, full of vigour and energy, if you make it a habit of taking

WATSON'S Effervescent LIVER SALT.

It acts gently on the liver, kidneys and bowels, and eliminates from the system all impurities. It relieves the congested condition arising from sedentary occupations, overwork, errors of diet, etc., etc.

Price \$1.40 per bottle

Sole Agents:

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Hongkong Dispensary.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

Wm. Powell Ltd.
TELEPHONE 346

SPECIAL WEEK

— FOR —

"VIYELLA"

"AZA"

"CLYDELLA"

"SILUSTRIA" etc.

THE PRICES OF THESE MATERIALS WILL BE SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCED FOR

ONE WEEK ONLY

COMMENCING FRIDAY, SEPT. 8th

BUY A FEW YARDS AND MAKE IT UP AT HOME.

THE FABRICS WITH A REPUTATION.

PLAIN COLOURS—WHITE—FANCY STRIPES.

The China Mail

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE"

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, SEPT. 8, 1922.

SHOULD WE DRINK?

Amongst the many topics of wide public interest discussed by the recent British Medical Association congress in Glasgow was the omnibus question: "To what extent, if any, can alcohol, as a beverage, be considered to have an influence on the human economy, mental disorders, industrial efficiency, and infant mortality?" Several eminent scientists tackled the subject in a remarkable series of papers and opinions naturally were varied. Dr. Edward Mellanby, professor of pharmacology at Sheffield University, who in the opening paper, dealt with the action of alcohol on the human economy, said that the laboratory could not pronounce whether alcohol was a good factor in sociology from its action on the nervous system, but "it was perfectly certain that we were all far too worried in the world, and there was nothing like alcohol for doing away with worry. Apart, however, from its effect of eliminating the taking of too much thought for the morrow, many of the actions of alcohol from the sociological point of view were regarded with horror.

The efficacy of the convivial glass was rather more warmly championed, curiously enough, by an American delegate, Dr. John T. McCurdy, of Cornell University Medical College, New York. He fancied that no one was wise enough to say whether the gain of prohibition would be greater than the loss. Conviviality was more important for the maintenance of our mental stability and effectiveness than we realised, and it was because alcohol contributed to sociability that it held the strong position it did. Concerning the problem of heredity Dr. McCurdy upheld the theory that alcohol diminished the unit. The experience of any physician, he said, was that the alcoholic was not healthy, not did his

progeny thrive, and if we failed to treat the race with intelligent care should we, he asked, prevent Nature from working her way, albeit it was blind, slow and unkind? The two speakers, Sir Frederick Mott, pathologist to the London Council's Asylums, and Dr. C. Sullivan, medical superintendent of Broadmoor asylum, who discussed alcohol in its relation to problems of mental disorders appeared to agree that alcohol, as regards insanity, is almost a negligible factor. Sir Frederick Mott observed that alcohol, rather than being a cause of insanity, was a revealing cause of incipient insanity and for that reason it could be described as a weed killer, in the sense that it brought that class of case into the asylums earlier. After further discussion during which Dr. Edgar L. Collis, of the Welsh National School of Medicine remarked that "alcohol possesses a charm for removing the irritating effect of industrial fatigue but is a charm purchased at great cost to efficiency," it was decided to ask the Council of the Association to assist in the promotion of further inquiry into the effect of alcohol taken as a beverage on the individual and the community. It occurs to us that if the Far Eastern members of the Association ever meet in congress an inquiry upon similar lines might usefully be made into the truth of the widespread tradition that indulgence in alcohol is a sine qua non of successful living in the tropics.

DRUGGED AND ROBBED.

An unusual robbery story was told to the police by a Chinese girl named Ho Hing, living on the second floor of No. 145, Temple Street, yesterday. She alleged the some time between 8 and 9 a.m. she was drugged by a male visitor to the house, while drinking tea with him in the sitting room. She suddenly felt giddy and became unconscious. When she "came to" some time later, the visitor was gone, leaving a pair of gold bangles worth \$50, which she was wearing.

INTERPORT SWIMMING.

SHANGHAI LEADING.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 8
In the triangular Interport Swimming Contest, Shanghai won the team race; time: 3.54 2/5 sec. Hongkong's time was 4.02 2/5 sec. Kobe did not enter. Shanghai scored the maximum, six points.
At water polo Shanghai beat Kobe by 11/0 which gave Shanghai seven points.
Total points: Shanghai seventeen out of a possible twenty-five; Hongkong eight out of eighteen and Kobe none.—*Reuter.*

CANTON'S NEW GOVERNOR.

The Provincial Assembly with an attendance of 84 members held a meeting to welcome and greet the new Governor in the Assembly Hall yesterday afternoon, says Thursday's issue of the *Canton Times*. Many important civil and military officials also made their appearance. The front door of the Hall was decorated with assorted flowers bearing the two words "Foon Ying" (Welcome). The interior of the Hall was also gaily and splendidly decorated. International flags could be seen everywhere.
His Excellency accompanied by his two Chief Secretaries, Mr. Ho Fang Chow and Mr. Yung Sing Qu, arrived at the Assembly at about 2 p.m. Soon after the Governor's arrival, Chairman Chung Sing announced the opening of the meeting. Then Assemblyman Wang Pei Chuan read the address of greeting. Following this the Governor's reply was read by his Chief Chinese Secretary Mr. Ho. The Governor was then asked to give his plan and policy for Kwangtung Province. His policy and plans are practically the same as stated in his reply, which consist of the following:
To maintain the Provincial Notes at their par value, to expel the bandits, to scrutinize the work of the officials, to compensate the sufferers of recent disasters, to maintain education, industry, finance, police law and diplomacy. Speeches were made by many of the assemblymen. The meeting closed with refreshment after which photos were taken.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A legal announcement concerning the capital of the China Australia Steamship Co., Ltd., appears in today's issue.

Mr. A. Hollands of No. 12, Stanley Terrace, Quarry Bay, lost silverware and jewellery worth \$14 from his house yesterday evening between 5 and 8 o'clock.

The marriage is announced to take place shortly, of Mr. F. A. M. Rosario, of No. 4, Minden Avenue, to Miss Emilia Maria Xavier, of No. 11, Ashley Road, Kowloon.

Some time between 10 and 11.45 yesterday evening, Mr. Jeffrey of No. 35, Parkes Street lost a pocket book containing some private papers and \$10 in cash, and a cigarette case.

Mr. Hyndman of No. 15, Orient Building, Kowloon, reports that some time between 5 and 6.30 yesterday evening, someone stole from a line in his back yard two white woollen blankets worth \$25.

The master of a fish stall at the Yau-mai market reports that yesterday he entrusted a fish named U Ma-woo with \$91 to pay an account at the Yee On shop in the Central market. The fish absconded with the money.

A burglar entered the ground floor of No. 35, Wunging Street some time between 1 and 6 a.m., yesterday, by the back door which was inadvertently left open, and stole from under the bed in the mistress' cubicle a black bamboo box containing money, jewellery and clothing worth \$80.

Fakher Uddin, a passenger by the s.s. "Katzang" reported to the police on the vessel's arrival in port yesterday, that about 11.30 p.m. on the 6th inst., while the ship was on the high seas, he lost from his cabin a leather suitcase containing a draft for \$200, a passage ticket, \$45 in American currency and some clothing worth \$77.

"The Strike in Hongkong," remarks the half yearly report of the recently formed Sino-British Trade Association, was undoubtedly very serious and it is to be feared that it is not the last. Private communications received indicate that the Government of Hongkong had to concede a good deal of what the Chinese call "Fao." However, we cannot lose sight of the fact that possibly the ignorant classes have learnt a lesson and will in future abide by the advice of the eminent Chinese leaders of industry—Sir Robert Ho Tung and others—in preference to that of Bohavio nung-fo.

ARMY CRICKET.

KING'S v. R.G.A.

On the Murray Parade ground yesterday, the Sergeants of the King's Regt., were at home to the R.A. Headquarters Sergeants, when an interesting cricket match was played. Although it was a low scoring affair, the match provided many thrills and was so closely contested that up to almost the last hit, it was anybody's game. The visitors just managed to get all their opponents out with one run short of their own total, thus running out winners by a very narrow shave.
Sgt. Holloway was the Gunners' highest scorer with 11 runs, while C.Q.M.S. Burnett topped the King's scores with 12.
Of the bowlers, Sanders did exceptionally well, taking all the Gunners' wickets for only 14 runs, while against the King's, Holloway took 6 wickets for 8 and Skeet 5 for 27.

Sergeants	
Sgt. Skeet, b Sanders	7
B.S.M. William, b Sanders	0
Sgt. Stevens, c b Sanders	4
Sgt. Holloway, st. Venables, b Sanders	11
Sgt. Smith, b Sanders	8
R.S.M. Capwell, c Burnett, b Sanders	0
Sgt. Shipley, b Sanders	0
Sgt. Phillips, b Sanders	0
Sgt. Tribe, not out	5
Mr. Gr. Taylor, b Sanders	0
R.Q.M.S. Byrne, c b Sanders	0
Extras	3
Total	38

Bowling Analysis.	
Sanders	8 2 14 10
Allen	4 0 18 0
Irvin	3 0 3 0

KING'S.	
Sgt. N. Wton, c Smith, b Skeet	8
Sgt. Holland, b Holloway	0
Sgt. Tr. in, c Tribe, b Holloway	0
C.Q.M.S. Burnett, c Capwell, b Holloway	12
Sgt. Allen, c Williams, b Holloway	0
C.S.M. Reardon, b Skeet	2
Sgt. Venables, b Holloway	3
Sgt. Carroll, run out	0
Sgt. Bliss, C. Williams b Skeet	9
Sgt. Baker, not out	1
Sgt. Sanders, b Holloway	0
Extras	2
Total	37

Bowling Analysis.	
Holloway	6 5 3 6
Skeet	6 0 27 3

HOME TRADE.

Messrs. James F. Hutton & Co., Ltd., Manchester, report under date August 9—

There has been no development of enterprise in the cotton markets and a rapid reaction, after the sharp rise in values on account of the lowness of the American Bureau condition report, has now resulted in prices touching a lower level than for the past two months. To a large extent this weakness must be attributed to general scepticism as to the accuracy of the Bureau report but time alone will show whether the estimates are correct. There is still, of course, ample time for the crop to improve but the figures given, together with the statement that boll weevil infests a very large percentage of the acreage, certainly do not inspire confidence as to the prospects of the good yield which is necessary to ensure supplies at about the present basis of price. The markets, however, continue to be depressed by the absence of activity in the textile centres and the unsatisfactory European situation, which factors have again undoubtedly accounted in a large measure for the almost entire absence of either speculative or trade support. Liverpool Spot sales have been extremely small averaging only 5/6,000 bales daily. In the Manchester market there has again been some increase in the amount of enquiry, but as yet it has not been reflected in a corresponding improvement in the turnover. Probably this is owing to the instability of the raw material and in view of the recent tendency it is likely however that there will be more steadiness now that the effects of the last crop report have worked themselves out and in that case it is confidently expected that there is a fair volume of trade to be arranged. Yarn and cloth prices are easier in sympathy with the fall in cotton. Enquiry for India continues to show signs of a broadening demand and in consequence of the satisfactory monsoon business prospects appear to be much healthier. Demand for China has been of moderate dimensions. Java and Singapore are slightly more active.

BAND CONCERT.

TOMORROW NIGHT PROGRAMME.

Below we publish the programme of the concert to be given at the Kowloon Cricket Club to-morrow evening by the Band of the 2nd Batta. King's Regt., by kind permission of Lieut.-Col. E. Hylop, C.B.E., and Officers—

- PART I.
1. March—"A Frangosa"..... T. Green
 2. Selection—"The Mikado"..... A. Sullivan
 - Introducing—"Behold the Lord High Executioner," "Braid the Raven Hair," "A Wandering Minstrel," "The Flowers of Spring," "Madrigal," "Three Little Maids from School," "For He's Gone and Married Yum Yum," etc.
 3. Four Indian Love Lyrics from—"The Garden of Rama"..... Amy Woodforde-Finden
 - (1) "Temple Bells," (2) "Less than The Dust," (3) "Kashmiri Song," (4) "Till I Wake."
 4. Piccolo Solo—"Picaroon"..... T. Green
 5. Selection—"Joy Bells"..... E. W. Chappelle
 - Introducing—"The Unfinished Melody," "Holiday Girls," "Good bye Khaki," "Wonderful Bird," "Cinderella," "Winking for You," "My Cushion Girl," "I can't be out of Luck," "Operatic Jazzy Ball," "If I had a Baby Like You," "Joy Bells"
 6. An Oriental Scene..... G. Sebek
 - "A Dervish Chorus," "G. Sebek
 - "In the Sudan"

- PART II.
7. Overture—"Light Cavalry"..... F. von Suppe
 8. Selection—"The Maid of the Mountains," "H. Fraser-Simpson
 - "Opening Chorus," "Live for to-day," "Dirty Work," "Farwell," "Honour among Thieves," "Husbands and Wives," "Paradise for Two," "A Bachelor's Gay," "My life is Love," "New Moon," "Baldassar's Brooch Melody," "Love will find a Way"
 9. Moroccan Characteristic—"Bells of Ouseley," "J. Ord Home
 - "A Legend of the Thames"
 10. Selection—"H. M. S. Pinaref"..... A. Sullivan
 - "We sail the Ocean Blue," "Little Buttercup," "Let us give three Cheers," "When I was a lad," "Carefully on tiptoe Stealing," "A Maiden Fair to see," "Sorry her lot who loves too well," "Boatswain's Song," "Never mind the Why and Wherefore."
 11. Serenade Humoresque—"Moon-time," "W. R. Collins
 - Humorous Selection—"Musical Switch," "Kenneth J. Alford
 - "An amusing potpourri of Melodies," "Old and New," "Grave and Gay."
 - "GOD SAVE THE KING."
 - Conductor: Mr. H. D. Hensley.

CORRESPONDENCE.

KOWLOON BURGLARY.

(To the Editor of the "China Mail.")

Sir,—With reference to the report of the attempted burglary in Pratt Bldg at 2 a.m. on 7th inst., it is a pity that I was not interviewed before publication, as the impression given is that the flat I occupy was the objective.

The facts of the case are that the burglar actually climbed on to the verandah of the flat on my left hand side and the alarm was given by the occupants of this flat. I was sleeping on the verandah at the time and was the first to be aroused.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
L. A. BARTON.
Hongkong, 8th September 1922.

ALLEGED COINERS.

ISLAND DWELLERS COMMITTED.

The two Chinese who were arrested in connection with the discovery, by Sgt. Hope of the Water Police, of a coiner's outfit in a matchbox in an isolated part of Namong Island, were yesterday afternoon committed by Mr. B. E. Lindell to stand their trial at the next Criminal Session. A woman who was later arrested on another part of the Island for the possession of a number of bags of charcoal, was discharged on the ground that there was insufficient evidence. Mr. D. E. A. Webster appeared for the first man, and Mr. A. E. Hall for the other man and the woman.

AMERICAN WIRELESS NEWS.

(Intercepted by U.S.S. "Tracy" and published by courtesy of the U. S. Consul General.)

BASEBALL SCORES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	
New York	1
Boston	1
Five innings rain.	
St. Louis	4
Cincinnati	7
Brooklyn	4
Philadelphia	6
AMERICAN LEAGUE.	
Detroit	8
Chicago	5
Boston	2
New York	8
Cleveland	3
St. Louis	11

Williams batted his thirty fifth, passing Hornsby.

SHOP STRIKE CONFERENCE.

Representatives of federated shop craft unions are reported to be in conference with railroad executives in Baltimore proposing ending of strike. According to Union officials, if meeting is fruitful, a policy committee of ninety unions will be summoned to meet here.

NEW YORK.

Conference of shopmen and railroad executives in Baltimore involves only few individual threads. According to headquarters of National Association of Railway Executives they are not looking forward to settlement of the strike on nationwide basis.

SENATORIAL NOMINATION.

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI
Hubert Stephens got 60,004 votes and Vardaman, 53,246 votes in Democratic senatorial nomination. This completes unofficial returns.

RENO.

Congressman Samuel Aronson got 482 votes and Samuel Platt 423 in the Republican senatorial nomination. A quarter of the votes have been tabulated in the Republican congressional nomination. Archie Cross (1221 votes) leading from Charles Richards, (602.)

A STEAMER BURNED.

PENSACOLA
Fire destroyed the steamer "Colthraph" 2,300 tons, Captain Olver fell down the hatch and broke his leg and jaw.

GENERAL BAILEY RETIRES.

WASHINGTON
Secretary of War Weeks announced acceptance of an application for retirement of Major General Charles J. Bailey after forty-six years' continuous service.

RUSSIA AND VLADIVOSTOK.

Moscow.

The Soviet government is confident the conference with the Japanese at Changchung will bring peace and restoration of Russian influence to Vladivostok. The Railway Administration is understood to be planning and preparing to restore service of trains from Siberia to Vladivostok. Newspapers announced the formation of a company planning an air-line service between Moscow and Vladivostok and Petrograd.

REVOLUTIONARIES SENTENCED.

Moscow.

Fifty-five persons were sentenced to death in connection with the South Russian revolution activities, according to the *Pravda*.

BASEBALL.

CANTON TEAM COMING TO HONGKONG.

After a long absence from the field the Canton All American baseball team will again get into action on Saturday, September 9th, at Hongkong playing the Hongkong All American team, says the *Canton Times*. These two teams previously met and the Canton team was defeated by the close score of 4 to 1, due to inaccurate fielding. However new players have since joined Canton and strengthened what were weak spots were noticeable and the spectators are sure to see a much stronger team than over before.

Collins a new acquisition formerly played with professional teams in the States and will be found favoring in left field. U. Shanks who was unable to make the last trip to Hongkong will also be in the line up at his old position as short-stop and the Canton infield will be impregnable at this place. The following Canton players are asked to report at 5 a.m. Friday afternoon to go on the night boat to Hongkong: Collins, Shanks, La Ferre, Fao, Maeskie, Tatum, Peabody, Lewis, Ryan and Heinrich.

PEAK HOSPITAL.

BOUGHT BY MR. J. E. JOSEPH.

A GENEROUS ACTION.

We are officially informed by the Colonial Secretary that Mr. J. E. Joseph has bought the Peak Hospital with all its contents from the present proprietors, and is prepared to leave it to the Government of Hongkong at a nominal rent on condition that the hospital is maintained and carried on as it has hitherto been.

The Government of Hongkong has accepted Mr. Joseph's generous offer, and will be responsible for the maintenance and upkeep of the institution. It is proposed to appoint a Committee of Management consisting of the Principal Civil Medical Officer as chairman, three private medical practitioners, the Matron of the hospital, and members of the business community.

It was Mr. Joseph's wish to make over the property absolutely to the Colony, but in view of the fact that the proposed Nursing Home, and the Kowloon Hospital, will be available in a few years it has been decided by agreement with Mr. Joseph that he should have an opportunity later on of re-considering the form which his gift to the Colony should take.

The following letter has been addressed to Mr. Joseph:—

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 8th September, 1922.
Sir,—With reference to our recent conversation I am directed to state that the Peak Hospital Company has agreed to accept the offer of \$100,000 for the Peak Hospital inclusive of fitting and equipment.

The Government is therefore able to confirm the arrangement provisionally made whereby you purchase the property and lease it to the Government subject to the condition that the Hospital is maintained on present lines; i.e. rent to be in the nominal sum of \$1 per annum and the lease to extend for such period as may elapse pending the completion of the War Memorial Nursing Home.

His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government desires me to express to you on behalf of the Community of Hongkong his deep appreciation of your most generous gift. The closing of the Peak Hospital would have gravely accentuated the already existing need for additional accommodation, which the Kowloon Hospital and the Nursing Home will eventually provide; and a serious situation has been avoided owing to your timely action. The benefit to the Colony arising therefrom will be very great.

I am, etc.
(Sd.) M. FLETCHER,
Colonial Secretary.

SIR PAUL CHATER IN LONDON.

INTERVIEWED BY "DAILY MAIL."

The *Daily Mail* has the following: Sir Paul Chater, one of the wealthiest men in the East, whose rise to fortune is a romance of commerce, has arrived in London on a business visit. About fifty-eight years ago Paul Chater, who was then eighteen, went to Hongkong where he worked as a bank clerk at £5 a month. To-day he is a director of sixteen companies; he is the senior unofficial member of the Hongkong Executive Council; his house, Marble Hall, at Hongkong is a show place; and he has a collection of porcelain for which he has been offered £250,000. A reporter met this romantic figure at Claridge's Hotel Brook St. W. Sir Paul is a grey-haired, brown-faced man, whose side whiskers and genial manner summon up thoughts of Dickens rather than of Eastern splendour. "I am in England in connection with the development of coal-mining in China," he said. "There is a great deal of coal in China, and I think that when the state of the country is quieter the mining of coal will be undertaken properly. When this is done I hope to organise iron and steel works in the British territory near Hongkong. Hongkong has given me a great deal, and I hope to be able to do something for it in return. If I can leave an iron industry as a heritage I shall be glad."

At Sir Paul Chater's house in Hongkong is a marble hall, constructed of marble hewn in Greece and fashioned in Brussels.

KOWLOON WATER SUPPLY.

NORMAL AGAIN TOMORROW.

Kowloon residents will be glad to hear that on and after to-morrow a constant supply of water will be turned on in the Kowloon public mains.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

TURKISH ENCOUNTER IN IRAQ.

SIXTY SEVEN BRITISH CASUALTIES.

LONDON, September 7.

A serious casualty roll of sixty seven occurred amongst a British force in an encounter in Iraq, arising from a Turkish irroad by two hundred Turkish Irregulars, who have been for some time in the Kurdish Hills. They moved down to Rania where they were joined by neighbouring Kurds and sharply engaged, on August 31st a small column of Kurdish and Assyrian Levies, supported by a company of the 15th Sikhs and a section of an Indian Pack Battery. The Indians behaved with the utmost gallantry. The decision to withdraw to a position at Koy Sanjak, was effectively carried out and covered by R.A.F. Two British and Indian officers were killed and one wounded. Fourteen Indians were killed, eleven wounded and seven are missing. Thirteen of the Levies were killed and nineteen wounded. The situation in all other provinces in Iraq is satisfactory.

BAD BEHAVIOUR OF KURDISH LEVIES.

LONDON, September 7.

The British withdrawal from a difficult hill country in the course of the encounter with Turkish Irregulars in Iraq is due to very bad behaviour of the Kurdish Levies. In consequence of the disturbed state of the neighbouring districts, owing to the Turkish incursion, the R.A.F. safely collected sixty-seven British officials and families over wide area of the Sulaiman Yeh district during a single day.

REPORT ON OPIUM TRAFFIC.

SUBMITTED TO THE LEAGUE.

GENEVA, September 7.

A report on the traffic of opium and other injurious drugs has been presented by Prince Chaochun of Siam to the Fifth Commission of the League of Nations. The Commission decided to submit a resolution to the Assembly inviting Governments to apply a system of import and export certificates, also to supply information regarding the requisite quantity of drugs from each country, for national consumption. Professor Gilbert Murray desired the details to state the amount consumed per 100,000 inhabitants. The Commission hoped that America would appoint a delegate on the Opium Commission.

GERMANY'S "GLUTTONY TAX"

OPPOSED BY HOTELKEEPERS.

BERLIN, September 7.

The hotel and restaurant owners' associations threaten that if the government persists in its intention to impose so-called "gluttony taxes" it will close all the hotels and restaurants affected. It was proposed to tax anything above a certain sum spent on food and drink.

WHOLSALE ASSASSINATION PLANNED.

PARIS, September 7.

Messages from Bukharest state that three alleged leading conspirators in a Hungarian plot to assassinate the Kings of Rumania and Serbia and a number of Rumanian, Serbian and Czechoslovakian ministers who have been arrested are alleged to have made a full confession. One is reported to be an Irishman.

NEW BRITISH ASSOCIATION PRESIDENT.

LONDON, September 7.

Sir Ernest Rutherford was appointed President of the British Association for 1923 at the meeting in Liverpool.

BRAZIL CENTENARY EXHIBITION OPENS.

RIO DE JANEIRO, September 7.

The President of Brazil opened the centenary exhibition and reviewed thirty thousand men from foreign naval and military contingents.

AN OPERATION ON A LION.

A zoological vet. has a far harder though undoubtedly more fascinating occupation than an ordinary surgeon (observes the Weekly Telegraph). Of course, the man who looks after the health of one type of beast is not necessarily efficient in dealing with the maladies of other kinds.

How, v.r., be the lion's doctor or the lizard's, he experiences untold difficulties, and often wastes days in performing a simple operation on the creature.

A lioness in an Italian menagerie had been known to suffer from a cataract. It was decided to attempt an operation. Administering an anaesthetic was to begin with no easy matter.

The bars of the cage were filled with wadding and a quantity of gauze impregnated with chloroform was thrown into the cage. This took fairly prompt effect, for in a quarter of an hour the immense patient was seen stretched out as though dead.

It was fairly simple to drag her out, bind and gag her, then place her on the operating platform. But it takes a great deal to overcome for long the sensibilities of such a powerful brute, and no sooner did everything seem ready than it awoke and struggled so frantically to release itself that it fell to the ground.

Fear for personal safety naturally gripped those around, but with commendable pluck they managed to hold her down while a towel saturated in sulphuric ether was wrapped round her head. Until this took effect, it seemed as though the lioness, rapidly

"EXCUSE ME, MISS!"

There was a sensation at the Paddington Town Hall last night, states a Sydney message of July 20, when two constables interrupted a couple in the middle of a dance, and placed a supposed lady under arrest for offensive behaviour. He was a young man masquerading in woman's clothing. Not one person in the crowded hall had suspected that he was anything but what he represented himself to be—a good looking girl. Although he had been dancing for an hour, wearing evening dress of the latest style, cut low at the neck, and silk ankle stockings and silver shoes, with his face perfectly made up, his attractiveness caused him to be eagerly sought as a partner by a number of young men. He asked the police to let him stay at the end of the dance, as he was having "the time of his life." They were firm, however, and, throwing a far warp over his bare shoulder, he accompanied the two constables to the city in a tram. On the tram a man, who accidentally trod on the masquerader's foot, raised his hat and said: "Excuse me, miss!"

freeping herself from her bonds would escape or attack. To prevent desperate possibilities she was immediately dragged back into the cage and subjected to a second dose of chloroform. This enabled her head to be pulled through the door and be fastened down. The operation at last concluded by the professor in charge proved a brilliant success—though a perspiring one!

WATER RETURN.

Level and Storage of water in reservoirs on the 1st September, 1922.

(CITY AND HILL DISTRICT WATER WORKS LEVELS.)

System	1921	1922
City Hill Reservoir	11 ft. 11 in. Below overflow	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow
City Hill Reservoir	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow
City Hill Reservoir	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow
City Hill Reservoir	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow
City Hill Reservoir	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow
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City Hill Reservoir	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow
City Hill Reservoir	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow	11 ft. 10 in. Below overflow

Consumption of water in the City and Hill District in millions and decimals of gallons during the month of August.

System	1921	1922
City Hill Reservoir	52.13	52.13
City Hill Reservoir	52.13	52.13
City Hill Reservoir	52.13	52.13
City Hill Reservoir	52.13	52.13
City Hill Reservoir	52.13	52.13
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City Hill Reservoir	52.13	52.13
City Hill Reservoir	52.13	52.13
City Hill Reservoir	52.13	52.13
City Hill Reservoir	52.13	52.13

Constant supply in all districts during August 1922.

Intermittent supply in all Main Districts during August 1922 excepting day 12: 24th & 25th.

Intermittent supply in all districts during August 1922.

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TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG

MISCELLANEOUS PROCEEDINGS No. 24 of 1922.

In the Matter of the Companies Ordinance 1911

and

In the Matter of an Application by the China Australia Steamship Company, Limited,

NOTICE is hereby given that a

Petition has been presented to the

Supreme Court of Hongkong for

confirming a Resolution reducing the

paid up capital of the said company

from £109,497 divided into 109,497

shares of £1 each to £36,499 divided

into 109,497 shares of 6/81, each is

directed to be heard before Sir

William Rees Davies, Knight Chief

Justice of the said Court on the 19th

day of September, 1922.

Creditors or Shareholders of the

Company who desire to oppose the

making of an order sanctioning the

reduction of capital should appear in

person or by Counsel at the time

of hearing. A Copy of the Petition

may be seen by any creditor or

shareholder of the company and a

copy will be furnished to any creditor

or shareholder by the Solicitors below

named on payment of the proper

charges therefor.

(Sd.) DENNIS & BOWLEY,

No. 8A, Des Voeux Road Central,

VICTORIA, HONGKONG,

Solicitors for the abovesaid

Company.

Hongkong, September 8, 1922.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

[THE Undernamed have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONVEYANCE),

WEDNESDAY,

September 13, 1922, at Noon,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Voeux Road, Corner of

Lee Yee Street

68 Sales Paper.

Comprising:—

Printing Paper, Simili Paper, Colour

Printing Paper and Newspaper.

Further particulars from the under-

signed.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.

HUGHES & HUGHES,

Auctioneers.

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SHIPPING

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

INT. SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE

Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. (Sundays 10 p.m. only)
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. (Sundays 5 p.m. only)

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE

Sailings:—To Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays at 8 a.m. only).
From Macao—Daily at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays at 8 p.m. only).

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, 4, Des Voeux Road Central, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, or the American Express Company, Hongkong.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.

NEW YORK BERTH
FOR NEW YORK (AND BOSTON)

LLOYD TRIESTINO

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING
FOR LEVANT, BLACK SEA & DANUBE PORTS.

PIUMI having been re-opened for traffic, cargo is also accepted for this port
and through Bills of Lading.

FOR SHANGHAI.

S.S. "TRIESTE".....Sailing on or about 5th Oct.
FOR BRINDISI, VENICE, AND TRIESTE.
S.S. "PERSIA".....Sailing on or about 5th Sept.
S.S. "TRIESTE".....Sailing on or about 2nd Oct.
Passengers' Luggage can be insured at the office of the Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service

FROM CALCUTTA TO
SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

S.S. "UMLAZI".....Sailing on or about 31st October.
Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.
For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON ANTWERP & HAMBURG, MARSEILLES—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
LONDON MARU.....Wednesday, 20th Sept.
(Taking passengers)

Buenos Aires—Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Mauritius, Durban & Cape Town via Singapore. Passenger Service.
TACOMA MARU.....Tuesday, 19th Sept.

SCARPA & COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via SINGAPORE.
BURMA MARU.....Monday, 25th Sept.

DELA & BANGKOK via SAIGON & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly PASSENGER SERVICE.
BUSHO MARU (omitting Dela).....Wednesday, 15th Sept.

CALCUTTA—Fortnightly service via Singapore, Rangoon.
SAIGON MARU.....Saturday, 30th Sept.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & TACOMA—Via Shanghai and Japan. Taking cargo to OVERLAND PORTS U.S.A. Canada. Passenger Service.
ALABAMA MARU.....Saturday, 10th Sept.

NEW YORK via PANAMA.
HAYANA MARU.....Tuesday, 12th September.

NEW ORLEANS via SUVA.
SUMATRA MARU.....Thursday, 28th Sept.

JAPAN PORTS—Fukuoka & Yokohama via Shanghai.
ALPS MARU.....Friday, 6th Oct.

KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY. The 3 steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers.
KIAO MARU.....Every Sunday.

AMAKUSA MARU.....Every Sunday.
TAKAO via SWATOW & AMOY.
BOISHU MARU.....Thursday, 21st Sept.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—
Y. YASUDA, Manager.
No. 1, Queen's Building.
Tel. No. 4093.

BOSTON & NEW YORK

JOINT SERVICE OF THE

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LD. & CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LD.)

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LD.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

S.S. "CITY OF LINCOLN".....Via Suez Canal.....10th Sept.
S.S. "CITY OF BRISTOL".....Via Suez Canal.....10th Sept.
S.S. "PELEUS".....Via Suez Canal.....10th Sept.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.
Subject to change without notice.
For freight and particulars apply to

SUTH SWINER & SWINER or THE BANK LINE, LD., HONGKONG
(SUTH SWINER & SWINER, LTD.)
HONGKONG & CANTON REIMS & CO., CANTON.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

REPAIRING and SHIPBUILDING, BRIDGEWORK, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDRIES. All work done to the satisfaction of the customer. We have
very heavy plant and machinery. We are also Shipwrights and can repair any ship
of any tonnage.
4, Des Voeux Road, Central, Hongkong. Telephone No. 409.
Wharfedale Shipyard, Hongkong. Telephone No. 2.
Business conducted on application.

Established April 1, 1911.

SHIPPING

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS LIMITED

HOME VIA CANADA

Hongkong to England.

VIA SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KURE, YOKOHAMA, VANCOUVER & MONTREAL.

From	Due	From	Due
Hongkong	Vancouver	St. John	England
E/Canada	Sept. 23	E/Scotland	Oct. 17
E/Russia	Oct. 9	E/France	Oct. 21
E/Australia	Oct. 25	E/Mexico	Nov. 2
E/Asia	Nov. 2	E/Canada	Nov. 28
E/Canada	Nov. 18	E/Scotland	Dec. 12
E/Russia	Nov. 30	E/France	Dec. 16
E/Australia	Dec. 14	E/Canada	Dec. 28
		E/Scotland	Jan. 10

Other Atlantic Sailings every few days to Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow, Antwerp, Cherbourg and Hamburg.
Allotment of Cabin on Atlantic steamers laid here and through tickets issued.
Early reservation necessary.

Three Transcontinental Trains Daily.
Standard Sleeping Cars, Compartments & Drawing Rooms.
Canadian Pacific Hotels at Victoria, Vancouver, in the Rockies, Calgary, Winnipeg, Montreal and Quebec.

"CANADIAN PACIFIC THROUGHOUT"

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS LIMITED.
Hongkong Office. Telephone 752. Cable Address GACANPAC.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

(INCORPORATED IN U.S.A.)

OPERATING FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER STEAMERS

"NANKING" "CHINA" "NILE" "GORJISTAN"

"ARMANESTAN"

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE.

FIRST CLASS FAIR TO EUROPEAN PORTS

Minimum Rate U.S.G. \$577.67

Maximum Rate U.S.G. \$820.50

First Class Accommodation Throughout.

Trans-Pacific Service

HONGKONG TO SAN FRANCISCO, VIA SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI,

YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

S.S. "CHINA" S.S. "NILE" S.S. "NANKING"

September 10th. September 30th. October 10th.

Java Service

HONGKONG TO AMOY, SINGAPORE AND JAVA PORTS.

S.S. "GORJISTAN" S.S. "GORJISTAN"

To Swatow and Amoy Singapore, Batavia, Samarang & Sourabaya.

S.S. "ARMANESTAN" S.S. "ARMANESTAN"

To Swatow and Amoy To Singapore, Batavia, Samarang, Sourabaya

on or about September 19th. September 29th.

FAST FREIGHT SERVICE

Through Bills of Lading issued to all points in United States & Canada.
also
Cargo accepted on Through Bills of Lading for transshipment at
San Francisco to weekly sailings for principal Atlantic Ports.

C. T. SORRISO, GENERAL AGENT
PRINCE'S BUILDING, 105 HONG STREET,
TELEPHONE DEPT. TELEPHONE DEPT. & AGENT.
No. 1934. No. 2161.

Cable add. "CHINA MAIL"

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE OF Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good
Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light and Fans in Staterooms
and Saloons. Excessively Clean.

SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOW.

AND BEYOND.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

STEAMSHIP	CAPTAIN	LEAVING.
HAIPHONG.....	Capt. W. S. Turnbull.	FRIDAY, 8th Sept. at 1 P.M.
HAIPHONG.....	Capt. J. S. Thompson.	TUESDAY, 12th Sept. at 1 P.M.
HAIPHONG.....	Capt. W. C. Passmore.	FRIDAY, 15th Sept. at 1 P.M.

SWATOW.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).
For FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to—
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

General Manager.

"ELLERMAN" LINE

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT SERVICE.

OUTWARDS.

"CITY OF FLORENCE".....6th Sept. (London, Antwerp, Rotterdam
and Hamburg.)

HOMWARDS.

"CITY OF PARIS".....Mid. Dec. Marseilles and London.
"CITY OF YORK".....Mid. Feb. Marseilles and London.
"CITY OF BIRMINGHAM".....Mid. Mar. Marseilles and London.
"CITY OF POONA".....Mid. Apr. Marseilles and London.

PASSENGER SERVICE.

Subject to change without notice.
For further particulars apply to—
REIMS & CO., THE BANK LINE, LTD.,
Canton. Tel. 730.

KWONG NING TAI

CHAN LUM.

STEVEDORES COAL MERCHANTS

COMPRATORS & SHIPHANDLERS

SHIPPING MASTER.

No. 79 Des Voeux Road, Central

PHONE 1768

SHIPPING

C. N. C. CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILING SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR STEAMERS TO SAIL

HONGKONG, PAKHOI AND HAIPHONG.....To-morrow 7 a.m.
AMOY, SWATOW AND SINGAPORE.....To-morrow 7 a.m.
SHANGHAI AND TSINGTAO.....To-morrow 8 p.m.

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NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

VESSELS DUE

FROM SHANGHAI

Sept. 11.—B. F. Telesios.
FROM JAPAN.

Sept. 12.—P. & O. Kalyan.
20.—P. & O. Macedonia.
Oct. 10.—P. & O. Flaxy.

FROM MANILA.

Sept. 15.—B. F. Talibius.
24.—B. & S. Elbridge.

FROM CALCUTTA.

Sept. 17.—N. Y. K. Yamagata Maru.
FROM BOMBAY.

Sept. 9.—N. Y. K. Kamakura Maru.
FROM SINGAPORE.

Sept. 24.—S. & B. Elbridge.
FROM JAVA.

Sept. 10.—J. O. L. T. J. J. J.
13.—J. O. L. T. J. J. J.
24.—S. & B. Elbridge.

FROM SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE
Sept. 14.—N. Y. K. Yoshino Maru.
23.—A. O. Talyuan.
Oct. 16.—A. O. Changsha.

FROM PORTLAND.

Sept. 23.—Col. Pac. S. Bandawa.
FROM VANCOUVER.

Sept. 21.—R. F. Tyndarus.
FROM SEATTLE.

Sept. 21.—B. F. Tyndarus.
FROM NEW YORK.

Oct. 12.—B. F. Bollarphou.
FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Sept. 30.—P. M. Pros. Wilson.
Oct. 8.—S. & B. Doway.

FROM EUROPEAN PORTS.

Sept. 11.—N. Y. K. Suwa Maru.
15.—H. A. L. Harland.
Oct. 13.—H. A. L. Munsterland.

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"MACEDONIA"	10,512	27th Sept.	P'way, MARSEILLES, L'bon, A'werp.
"KALYAN"	6,857	11th Oct.	MARSEILLES, LONDON & A'werp.
"HARUNA"	11,000	25th Oct.	P'way, MARSEILLES, L'bon, A'werp.
"DONGOLA"	6,656	8th Nov.	MARSEILLES, LONDON & A'werp.
"NANKIN"	7,000	22nd Nov.	do.
"KARMA"	6,070	6th Dec.	P'way, MARSEILLES, L'bon, A'werp.
"KASHGAR"	6,600	17th Dec.	MARSEILLES, LONDON & A'werp.
"PLASSY"	7,503	16th Jan. 1923	do.
"SARDINIA"	6,590	24th Jan.	do.
"NELLERE"	6,853	7th Feb.	do.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)

"TAKADA"	6,849	17th Sept.	Calcutta via Singapore and Penang.
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EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

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"MACEDONIA"	11,000	11th Sept.	Shanghai.
"SOUDAN"	6,696	15th Sept.	Shanghai.
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"SHINYO MARU"	22,000	Nov. 1st.
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STEAMERS	TONS	LEAVE HONGKONG.
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"ANYO MARU"	18,000	Oct. 10th.
"SHIYO MARU"	18,000	Nov. 10th.

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THE "CHINA MAIL."

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Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.
All matter for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGER.
Rate of subscription to "China Mail" is \$35 per annum, per quarter and per month.
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Rate of subscription to the "Overland China Mail" is \$15 per annum; postage \$1 per annum extra. Single copy twenty-five cents each.
Alterations and additions to advertisements on Pages 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9 should be sent to the Editor, No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 11.30 a.m.
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THE CHINA MAIL

PERCIVAL INVESTS IN A SIDECAR.

ADMIRING ENGLAND'S UNDER
DIFFICULTIES.

(BY ANTHONY ARMSTRONG IN THE
"DAILY SKETCH.")

In order to cope with a rush of summer to the brain, Percival invested the other day in a sidecar, which he at once connected to the collection of old iron, smell, and noise which he calls his motor bike. The idea was that we should go about together in it and view the countryside. I merely took out a life insurance policy, selected a plot in the village churchyard, and declared myself ready.

Apparently driving a sidecar is quite different from driving a solo machine, particularly with regard to the steering. At least so Percival says, and I can quite believe him.

ON THE ROAD.

We started at one end of the village street and proceeded at a brisk pace, Percival tugging the handlebars in one direction from driving a solo machine to the other. That, so Percival afterwards explained, was the difficulty. We were just saved by the village square appearing on the left into which the bike at once began to turn, apparently of its own accord. At this stage a touch of novelty was introduced by Percival's inadvertently opening the throttle in stead of shutting it. The machine leapt forward, circled the square twice at about twenty miles an hour, and would have been circling it still had not Percival gained control just as we reached the street for the third time.

SHOCK FOR THE VICAR.

Luckily we had gone so quickly that no one had really time to notice what it was, but still I do think that the vicar shouldn't have been chatting to a friend in the middle of the square. He ought to have known that traffic might be about. . . . Anyway, he wasn't much hurt.

In the open country our going was better. Percival appeared to be getting the hang of it, though people did get rather pointedly off their cycles and go into fields to let us pass.

THE HELICOPTER MEN.

Our chief trouble, however, was encountering animals whose distinguishing characteristics were a suicidal tendency and a burning desire to cross the road. No fewer than four weak minded hens decided at the last minute that they could just do it. At least three found that they couldn't. One of them, in fact, got halfway across and when she found us right upon her, gave a frightened squawk and went absolutely vertically up into the air at a terrific speed, while we passed underneath.

I don't know whether she ever came down again. Judging by the speed at which she left she must have been well outside gravitation at the moment in something under fifteen seconds. Percival was shaken by the incident that he had to stop and rest on a grassy bank. He said he had never seen a helicopter before.

AND THE SEDENTARY COW.

A little farther on we rounded a corner and ran full tilt into a flock of cows proceeding leisurely N.E. and a third of them. We had no time to stop, so we tried to steer between them. We negotiated three safely, and then Percival lost his head. We came up behind the fourth at a fair rate, charged into it, and cut it legs away from under it.

It promptly tumbled in the sidecar on top of us. It was a good sound well-made animal, too; none of your jerry built cows. We carried it a short distance, and then dropped it. I don't think we were going it very far either.

ROBBING A GREENGROVER.

Nothing more happened till on our way back, passing through a small town, Percival suddenly drove the sidecar wheel up on the pavement, and couldn't drive off again. It didn't matter very much, as people were awfully polite in making way for us.

We were stopped eventually by a greengrocer's shop, where we ran into the top of a trestle table, and came to a halt in a shower of beetroot, tomatoes, and other vegetables. One look at the proprietor's face was enough. Percival pressed two shillings into the man's hand before the fellow could really begin to deliver the short address he had got all ready—and we were off in a haze of petrol vapour and onion.

It was not till we got home that we discovered at least three shillings' worth of assorted vegetables in the bottom of the sidecar, so we didn't do so badly. Percival has given up sidecar driving now. He took it off the next day. To be precise, he took it off against a lamp-post.

CHARLEY'S AUNT.

ALLEGED FILM IN-
FRINGEMENT.

Mr. Micklem, K.C., moved in the Chancery Division before Mr. Justice Astbury in mail week on behalf of Mrs. Marguerite Blanche Thomas, widow of the author of the well-known comedy "Charley's Aunt," for an injunction against Mr. Ellis, Mr. Bertrams Phillips, and Mr. Einar J. Bruun, restraining them from making and exhibiting a film reproduction of the play, and from paring with or exporting any film based on the play.

Mr. Lavington for the defendants, asked for a week's adjournment in order that the plaintiff's evidence might be answered. Mr. Ellis was a well known Swedish actor now in England. He did not know of the plaintiff's copyright, and therefore could not have intended to infringe it. As a matter of fact the whole matter had arisen under a misapprehension, and he was prepared, if an adjournment were granted, to give an undertaking not meanwhile to infringe or introduce in the film he was preparing any incidents from "Charley's Aunt."

He had brought over to England some Swedish film actors, and they were filming English scenes. One of the scenes or acts they were filming was an Oxford undergraduate's picnic on the river. One of the cast was dressed up as a lady, not an old lady as "Charley's Aunt," but a young lady. Counsel could not suggest that he was entitled to stop any one playing who was dressed up as a lady, but he was prepared, on behalf of the defendants, to eliminate from the film anything that could in any way be said to infringe the plaintiff's copyright. He would also undertake to show his learned friend the film as far as it had got, so as to see whether there was any infringement, and he would let his lordship see it as well. (Laughter.) Mr. Micklem said that the performance by the Swedish actors was to take place at Oxford, and they had been to Worcester College and taken some of the scenes there. If Mr. Lavington would give an undertaking to let his clients see the film and also undertake for the week not to make or part with any film which was alleged to be an infringement, he would agree to the motion standing over.

THE BEAVER HUT'S FUTURE

The Beaver Hut the famous war-time rendezvous of Canadian soldiers in London, has been saved from destruction by Miss Jeanette Dicks, of Upper Brook street, W. While a passenger on an omnibus passing along the Strand Miss Dicks saw the hut in course of demolition. "Acting on mere impulse," I got off the bus and inquired what was to be done with the hut. On being told that it would be destroyed, I at once made an offer and bought it. I felt that it would be a pity if this distinctive building, of which thousands of our overseas soldiers must have such happy recollections, should pass away for ever. So I am going to have it re-erected amid rural surroundings at Hambleton, in Buckinghamshire, exactly as it was in the Strand.

At one time there was talk of transferring the Beaver Hut to Canada. The hut was an offering of Canadian mothers, who contributed to a "six-penny appeal" for the welfare of their men folk who answered the Empire call for service during the war. The appeal resulted in the raising of \$100,000. Day and night thousands of men were fed at the hut, and had provision made for their comfort and amusement.

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Hongkong September 5, 1922.

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KAMAKURA MARU ... Sunday, 10th Sept.

CALOUTTA via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.

TAKAOKA MARU ... Saturday, 9th September

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CELL.

SAILOR'S STORY.

A remarkable story of imprisonment by the Turks, followed by his release by British soldiers, is told by George Sidney Agar, of Ipswich, who is now at the Seamen's Mission at Sunderland.

He says that he left England as mate of the steam yacht "Simoom," which served during the war as a Government patrol boat. The crew were practically all Greeks, who mutinied; and it was with great difficulty that the officers brought the yacht to her destination, Smyrna.

Going ashore one evening at Smyrna he saw a free fight in the street and, walking up to see what was going on, he was suddenly arrested and thrown into prison by the Turks. His cell was a small, filthy place with the only window looking out on a public urinal. All his papers were taken from him, and he was violently treated by the guard and threatened with execution.

He worked for some days with a rusty nail picking out the cement holding the bars of the cell window. Waiting till two o'clock one morning he forced the bar out, but it fell on to an old tin on the window-ledge and this falling to the ground the noise aroused the guard, who rushed in and prevented his escape. At the point of the bayonet he was forced to occupy another compartment at the top of the building.

Altogether he was in the prison for seven weeks, and then one morning, happening to look out of the window, he saw a British soldier slowly driving past in a motor-car. "Are you British?" he shouted. "Yes," replied the soldier in the car, "who are you?"

Agar told him, and then the soldier shouted, "You are the man we are looking for. We'll soon have you out." Within an hour a detachment of British troops arrived and to them the Turks gave up their prisoner, who was taken to the British Consul and then sent home.

Agar has so far been able to obtain no satisfaction for his wrongs. The British Government say they are looking into the question of compensation. Meantime, he is practically penniless and without his Board of Trade certificate or his papers, without which he is unable to obtain another post.

SCHOOLBOYS' COURT.

YOUNG DISPENSERS OF
JUSTICE.

Seated round a table, nine grave-faced boys, whose ages range between 11 and 13, passed judgment upon their fellow-pupils of the Davidson-road elementary school, Croydon.

Appointed from the three top classes by the ballot of their schoolmates, the juvenile dispensers of justice met every Monday morning and award punishment for various delinquencies that have come under their notice during the preceding week.

The ceremonial of a court of justice is observed. The prisoner is marched in and the alleged offence is clearly stated. He is asked for an explanation and may call witnesses. Then he is marched to an adjoining room while the committee solemnly debate their decision.

Sentences usually consist of the number of lines to be written out by the next day. For more serious crimes "prisoners" are remitted to the headmaster with a recommendation that they should receive a specified number of strokes.

Mr. G. Pless, the headmaster, said to a *Daily Mail* reporter that the great utility of this scheme is that it teaches the boys to acquire a sense of responsibility and to cultivate their judgment. The sentences and the fate of their judgments are surprising. Occasionally when an especially knotty point arises they call me in to help them, but even then they do not always accept my advice.

FIRST IMPRESSIONS.

HOW NEUROTICS ARE MADE.

The purely scientific work of the nineteenth annual meetings of the British Medical Association at Glasgow was begun in earnest yesterday, the *Daily Telegraph* stated in mail week. One of the most interesting of the nineteen sections was that dealing with neurology and psychological medicine, in which, in a paper on "The Making of a Neurotic," Dr. J. A. Hadfield (London) discounted the general assumption under which disease was accounted for by hereditary or congenital causes, and pointed out that in many cases the causes could easily be environmental.

It was in the third year of life and we became self-conscious. That first impression we got of ourselves would live with us for the rest of life, whether we believed we were the most important person in the world or the most beautiful, and it would determine our character. The conceptions we formed of ourselves in childhood tended to get repressed through the facts of life, and they emerged in the form of fantasies. Relating some curious experiences among patients, he said an artist who at the age of three had a fantasy that there was nobody so perfect on earth as he was developed that belief until he could not bear criticism of any kind.

Dr. Hadfield went on to cite the extraordinary case of a patient of his, a doctor who, would be in the consulting-room with patients waiting to see him, and would steal away and go to London just to get away from his practice. Three times to the speaker's knowledge this doctor bolted and I got himself certified at an asylum for homicidal tendencies. He was suffering from a princely fantasy of being of great importance, but at the same time crushed by his father. In the one place he was a god, and in the other a worm. He always bolted when anybody blamed him, or when he thought he would be blamed for anything.

ARSENIC AND THE PUBLIC.
A strong plea for the safeguard of the public with regard to arsenic was made by Sir William Wilcox (medical adviser to the Home Office), in a paper on the dangers to health arising from industrial preparations of arsenic. At the close of the discussion which followed a resolution was passed by the Industrial Disease Section, expressing the opinion that the sale of arsenical preparations included in Section II. of the Poisons and Pharmacy Act, 1908, should be limited to properly qualified and competent persons, namely, registered pharmacists and that purveyors should be required to have a licence for the possession of such dangerous articles.

Sir William said the Act of 1908 removed many of the restrictions relating to the sale of these preparations. It was then thought that certain advantages might accrue to the public from the greater freedom of purchase. It was not at that time realised that those advantages might be accounted for by very grave dangers. The fact was that a large number of fatal cases of accidental and suicidal poisoning had resulted from the removal of the previous restrictions relating to the sale of arsenical preparations used in agriculture and horticulture, and there was reason to believe that in not a few instances those preparations had been used for criminal purposes. The dangers to the public from the sale of industrial preparations of arsenic during the fourteen years which had passed since then had been proved to be so great that it appeared to him the time had come for safeguarding the public in the way suggested in the resolution. A tin or packet of weed-killer or sheep dip was at least as dangerous as the possession of a firearm. It was not necessary to give any hair-raising figures, but a gallon of weed-killer would possibly kill 10,000 people. Referring to the use of arsenical wood preservative in the case of a hut in which 2,000 girls were employed, he said that a month after its application a white incrustation like hoar-frost was found on the wood, and a portion of the deposit on being scraped off and analysed contained 31 per cent. of arsenious oxide or white arsenic. The air and dust in the building also contained an appreciable amount of arsenic.

"SPEAKING" FILMS.

LATEST PARIS EXPERIMENTS.

Last month in Paris the firm of Gaumont gave a press representation of the latest development of the combination of phonograph and kinematograph produced by M. Leon Gaumont. From the very introduction of the kinematograph the possibilities of this had been perceived and many investors had attempted the task. One of the earliest attempts was to obtain successive records of the two machines: after a singer had performed, before the camera he repeated his song to the recording phonograph, watching the reproduction of his singing image to guide him for the time. But it was felt to be only an imperfect approximation and that success could only be attained by the simultaneous records of sound and image.

Devices for obtaining this correspondence on the recording instruments were relatively easy to devise, and in 1910 Leon Gaumont presented to the French Academy of Science a reproduction of a lecture by Professor Arsonval, which was, so far as it went, a brilliant success. But for its perfection there still remained much to be done in the working out of the details. Nor is this to be wondered at. Those of us who remember the introduction of the kinema in the eighties recall with a smile how satisfied they were with the pictures—full of jerks and accompanied by brilliant scintillations of light that were quite foreign to the scene represented. It took at least two decades before these spots on the sun were banished from the screen.

In order to record the two manifestations satisfactorily it was absolutely necessary to keep the two instruments "in step," and as the phonograph must always keep the same pace, since any change of speed alters the pitch of the sound a rheostat placed in the circuit common to the two motors secures the equality of their speeds. In case there be any lag or lead of the recording apparatus a device is introduced recalling the "booster" of an electric power station, a small motor acting by differential gear on the axle of the kinema motor, a double-action switch speeds it up or retards it till synchronism is re-established.

Moreover, similar regulation is needed for reproduction in the theatre. The operator has before him, close by the phonograph, a box called "the conductor of the orchestra." It contains: (1) A push-button to start electrically the cinematograph at a given sound (say, in the title of the subject) in case the projection does not start automatically; but in the new apparatus it does; (2) a voltmeter serves to indicate the speed, and to show if any inequality takes place; (3) the switch acting on the rheostat to regulate the speed; (4) the reversing switch to speed or slacken the cinematograph.

A couple of gramophones are worked alternately, to secure the continuity of delivery; when the record of the one is exhausted the other comes into play. By this means the round records are made to join up, just as by the cementing of films, end to end, the light records are projected continuously.

Thus it is justly claimed, whole play can be performed without any delay between scenes and so on act and act, whereas on the stage some time must be given for change of scene or of costume, and also for necessary intervals of rest for the actors. Possibly the value of such continuity may be exaggerated, for the inventor would appear to take no account of fatigue among the audience!

One of the minor difficulties is found in the necessity for placing the two recording instruments side by side, in consequence of which the phonograph is too far from the speakers for easy reproduction of their voices. It needs to be provided with devices for magnifying the sounds that it receives. This however has to be made selective, for what M. Gaumont terms "parasitic" sounds, which have to be excluded, would without provision, accompany and mask, if not overpower, the voices. Just fancy what would be the effect of the whirr of the recording kinema-camera during a scene of love or passion. That of the projector is too frequently bad enough! The firm have introduced means to obviate this, but, naturally enough they've these means in secret. The General Secretary went so far as to say that they were threefold and other devices, but he could tell no more.

We are promised that future developments will include three colour reproductions, which will give, say the firm, a truthful illusion of life.

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Try Climber's air's Tablets when bilious or constipated. You are certain to be much pleased with them. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. For sale by all Chemists and Grocers.

SELF-DETERMINATION
FOR THE CONVICT.

A NEW WAY TO REFORM.

A meeting was held in the Town Hall, Manchester last month to hear addresses by Miss S. Margery Fry, honorary secretary of the Howard League for Penal Reform, and Mr. T. Mett Osborne, who in recent years has carried out some remarkable experiments in the Auburn and Sing Sing prisons in the United States of America. The Lady Mayores, who presided, said that two recent books—one by Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Webb and the other by Stephen Hobhouse and Fenner Brockway—showed that although our prisons had greatly improved since the later part of the 18th century, they were still far from being model institutions, and were not very successful either as deterrent or reformatory agencies.

Miss Fry said it was becoming more and more evident that a large number of criminals was a luxury which cost an almost bankrupt nation too much. Better than maintaining large numbers of criminals in prison was some plan for preventing people from becoming criminals. It was certain that many a career of prison life had been started by some rash sentence at the out-set. Yet there were hundreds of benches of magistrates without probation officers of very poor quality. Again, our prisons were full of mentally deficient persons for whom the ordinary prison regime was the worst thing in the world. A much more careful mental and physical discrimination was needed before institutional treatment could be expected to have a reformatory influence. These and many other matters would never be touched until there was a sufficiently strong public demand. More science was needed in the treatment of criminals, and science and the truly Christian way of treating people had an odd knack of coinciding.

Mr. Osborne said he was a business man who had grown up with a horror of waste. The difference between profit and loss in business was often just what could be saved from the scrap heap. Prison seemed to him to be society's scrap heap, and it was evident that the prison system of America was a failure because of the number who kept returning to the scrap heap. His own investigations of the problem had begun as chairman of a Government commission set up to make inquiries, and he had had experience as governor of prisons and as a voluntary prisoner—living under the prison regime. The committee over which he presided reached the conclusion that under no human possibility could the existing system train a man for honest citizenship. It merely trained him for prison life, and not for the life of a citizen. Now his sympathy was not with the criminal. The place of the criminal was prison, and he wanted to send the criminal there. Do everything to prevent crime, but when crime was committed send the offender to prison. When he was in prison we should, for our own sakes and not for his, give him a chance. The criminal should be trained to be a good citizen.

"A GOOD-CONDUCT LEAGUE."
How was that to be done? The suggestion upon which he and his committee acted came from a rough New York gun man—a man who was extremely fond of reading the essays of Emerson. This rough gun man reading the works of Emerson was in some respects one of the most humorous things he had ever met. "There ought to be a good conduct league," said this prisoner. "It could assist in the management of the prison, and if we are allowed to show what we can do we will show you." Now I came to the conclusion," said Mr. Osborne, "that this man had restored the missing link to the chain. Give the man responsibility and hold him to it. And so at Auburn prison where was called the Mutual Welfare League was formed. The prisoners formed it themselves. The speaker went on to describe how the league adopted its own simple by-laws, elected its executive committee, its own sergeant-at-arms to maintain discipline and its own board of judges to deal with cases in which men were charged with bad conduct or infractions of the prison rules. That system was begun at Auburn in 1914, Sing Sing prison a year later, and at the Portsmouth naval prison in 1917. Eight different governors had supervised it with success, and some who at first disbelieved in it became converts to it. Of course, it did not work perfectly. How could that be expected with such material? Did it have a good effect on the character of the prisoners? How could it fail to do so? Every man was responsible for the good conduct of the league; the lucky members were elected to office and had responsibility thrust upon them, becoming judges, police officers, or members of the executive committee, which decided upon the policy to be pursued.

MARRIED IN HASTE

WOMAN'S UNHAPPY VENTURE
WITH SOLDIER.

Mrs. May White, now living in Alberta, Canada, had a married life which lasted less than twenty-four hours. The engagement was only of a day or two's duration. It was, in fact, a rash into matrimony.

Mrs. White told her story, by affidavit, to Lord Buckmaster on the hearing of her petition. The husband was described all through merely as H. L. White. She met him a few days previous to the ceremony in June, 1918. He had represented himself as a member of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, and stated that he had a ranch at Calgary, Alberta, and was able to provide her with a home.

Immediately after the marriage he asked her to return a wedding ring he had given her, and when she asked why he wanted it he said he had just been fooling her, and that he had no means and no farm in Canada or elsewhere, and now that they were married she had to support him. She refused to give him the ring, and as soon as she, with him, returned to her mother's house at Liverpool, he took the ring, and also her watch, and pawned them both to raise money. Owing to his conduct she would not live with him, and the marriage was not consummated.

The day following the marriage he went off and she had not seen him since and had never in any way supported her or endeavoured to make a home for her. She afterwards went to Calgary to earn her living there.

Lord Buckmaster raised the point as to the domicile of the man, and Mr. Grazebrook said that it was English. It was disputed that he was a member of the Canadian Expeditionary Force. He seemed to have returned to Canada after the marriage, and evidence on affidavit showed that he had been guilty of rape upon a child, and had been deported to England by the Canadian authorities as he was an Englishman.

Lord Buckmaster pointed out that if it turned out that the man's domicile was in Canada a decree granted in England would have no effect, and the woman would be running a hazard if she re-married. He had a statement that his domicile was England, and there was evidence that he had acted as alleged with some unhappy child. "I am quite satisfied that he deserted her," added the judge, "and I am perfectly satisfied that this is a marriage that ought to be annulled, and I grant the decree."

THE FASTIDIOUS RAT.

Being infested with rats, Shoreditch has a Rat Officer, Mr. E. T. D. Jordan, and the work he has accomplished is set out in the annual report for 1921 of the Medical Officer of Health of Shoreditch, Dr. Lewis T. Fraser Bryett.

Mr. Jordan, appointed under the Rats and Mice Destruction Act, 1919, made 5,721 visits to premises. The number of rats caught in traps or killed by dogs was 1,060, and there were found dead by poison 135.

Premises cleared of rodents totalled 205. Twenty-five drains were reconstructed, and floors of lathes, sculleries, passages, and coal cellars were concreted to the number of forty to make them rat-proof. The number of baits provided was 99,833. Ferrets were employed in the work, in conjunction with the dogs.

Dr. Bryett says, with reference to the use of poisons that "it seems to be advantageous to vary them from time to time. Rats appear to differ considerably in their tastes, and a change in the poisoned bait used has been observed to be followed by beneficial results."

"In some instances it has been found difficult to free premises from the intelligent rat, but care and attention, with perseverance, have in the end usually been successful."

Mr. Osborne told of instances of plots to escape being abandoned, of blood feuds among prisoners being ended rather than that the privileges of the members of the league should be sacrificed. Was not that the whole basis of citizenship? He asked the subordination of our own ideas to the general welfare. When he went to the naval prison at Portsmouth there were 170 prisoners with 180 marine guards. Towards the end of his term there the number of the prisoners was about 2,000, and there were no guard except those of the league. Moreover, a large number of the prisoners were "roomed" outside the barracks with nothing between them and liberty but light wire fencing. "I told the men," said Mr. Osborne, "that I should be ashamed of any one of them who could not escape, and ashamed of any one who did. In the whole of my experience as a prisoner I had thousands of prisoners and accounted for all but eight."

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Hong KongTHE RETREAT FROM
MOSCOW.POLE WHO SAW NAPOLEON
ALIVE.

"I saw the great Napoleon with my own eyes during the retreat from Moscow (in 1812). He was wearing a green cavalry cloak," was the statement made to a special correspondent of the *Intransigent* by M. Medias Krasinsky, a land proprietor of Volhynia in Poland who states that he is now 132 years of age.

Reporting to the Police of Warsaw that he had been robbed of 50,000 marks in a tramway car, Krasinsky entered the date of his birth in the police books as 1790.

He states his first enlistment in 1803 in the Third Squadron of the Imperial French Guard. "I fought in Russia," he said, "I well remember the disaster of the crossing to the Berezina (November 27 and 28, 1812). I myself on that fatal day burned a pile of new tricolour flags with their eagles in Birmingham it was 54. In Manchester elaborate calculations showed that owing to the smoke nuisance no less than 50,000 a year was spent in the extra washing of collars and the extra damage done in that city amounted to 21,000,000 a year.

The reason why ours was the dirtiest country in Europe was because of the indiscriminate use of raw coal for all purposes, domestic or industrial.

The Bill was read a second time.

have always been temperate in all things. I only began to smoke 30 years ago. I attribute my long life to this. My father died when I was 117 and mother when I was 97."

SOOT AND THE DHOBY'S
BILL.

In the House of Lords, save a home paper in mail week, the Earl of Onslow moved the second reading of the Smoke Abatement Bill, which, he said, was the outcome of the recommendations of the Smoke Abatement Committee, presided over by Lord Newton.

Lord Newton said the Bill was long overdue, but it was not a genuine fulfilment of the promise made on behalf of the Government. All it did was slightly to amend the Act of 1875 which had, or had been, a satisfactory law in its working. The most important recommendations of the committee had been practically ignored. The main recommendation was that the duty of enforcing the law should be transferred from the small local authorities to the county councils and county boroughs.

The fall of soot in London was at the rate of 25 tons per month, while in Birmingham it was 54. In Manchester elaborate calculations showed that owing to the smoke nuisance no less than 50,000 a year was spent in the extra washing of collars and the extra damage done in that city amounted to 21,000,000 a year.

The reason why ours was the dirtiest country in Europe was because of the indiscriminate use of raw coal for all purposes, domestic or industrial.

The Bill was read a second time.



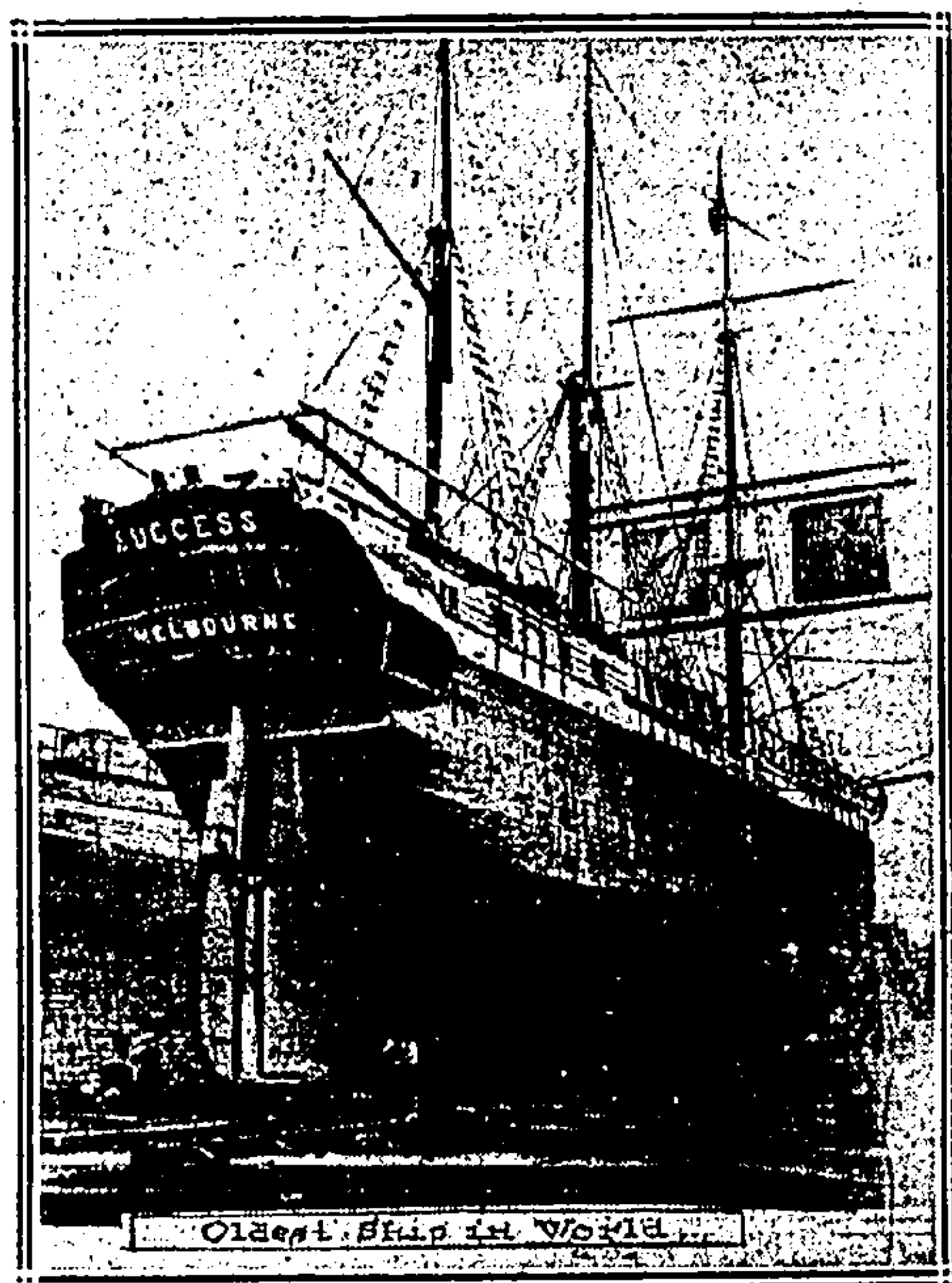
Married a man at his father's bedside.



To be first secretary of the Bulgarian Legation in Washington.



And he lost it. "Bummed" his way from New York to San Francisco.



Used to take convicts to Botany Bay.



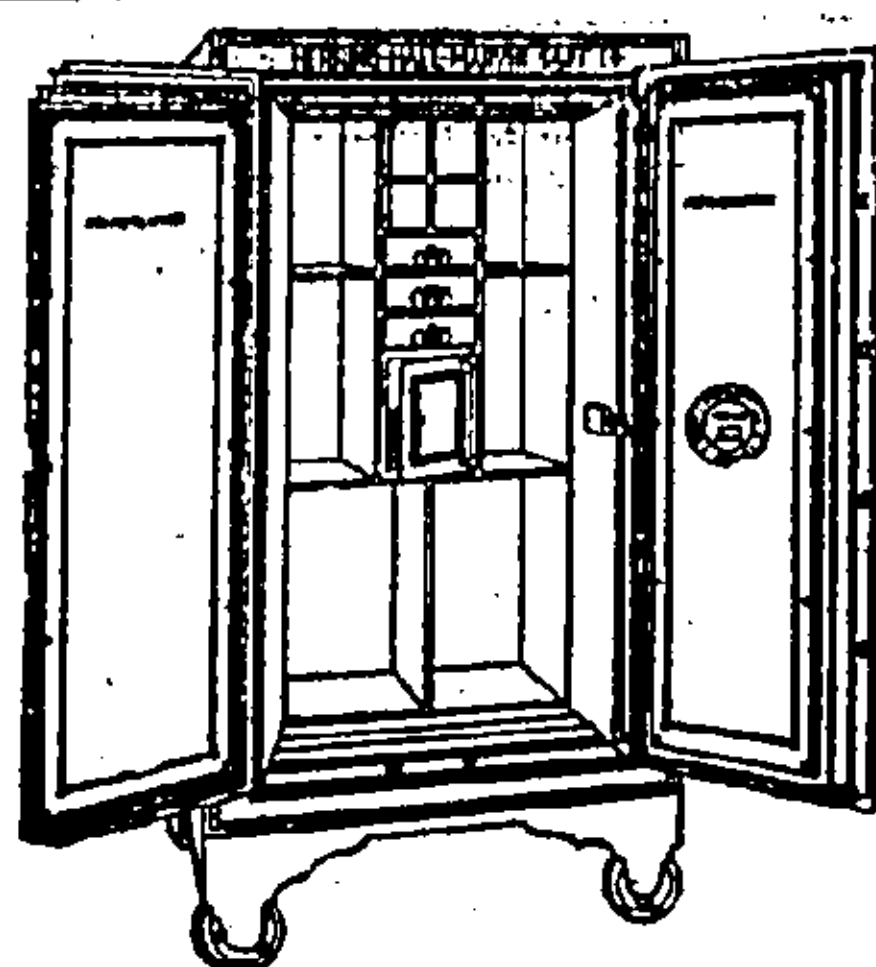
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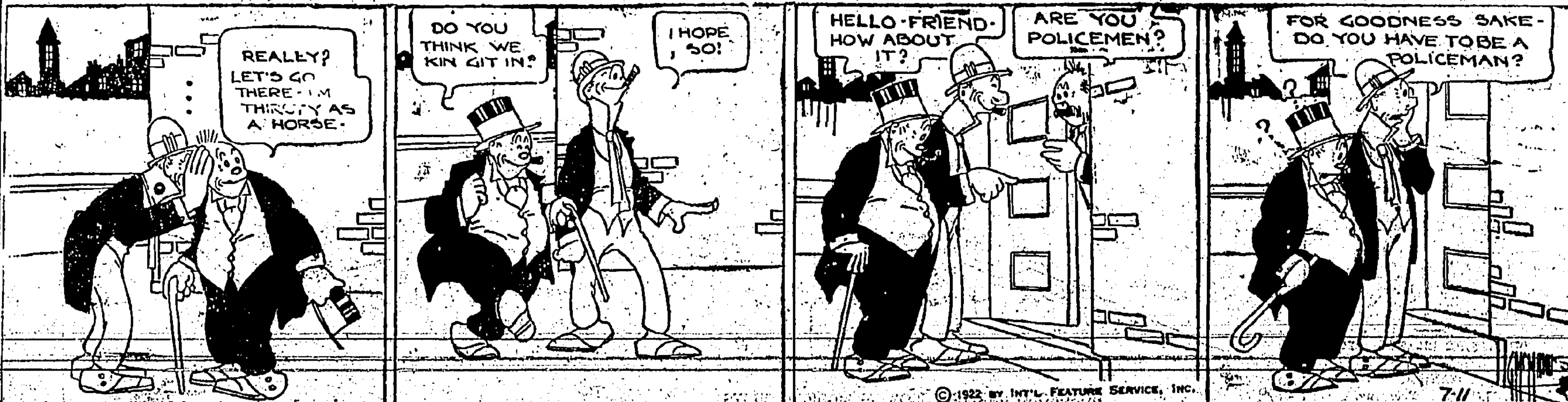
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 Fortunately, says an Australian paper,
 these very doubtful payments have
 never been included in the Budget as
 revenue; and in view of the recent
 developments are hardly likely to be
 included in the near future. The Age,
 however, has a paragraph telling of a
 very chimerical scheme by a Victorian
 Labour politician, Mr. W. Maloney,
 who had a motion on the business
 paper of the House of Representatives.
 When the market stood at 700 to the £1
 he suggested obtaining goods from Ger-
 many to the value of £1,750,000,000,
 representing a "conversion" at that
 rate of £50,000,000 gold. By the
 same method the value of this latter
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 AGENTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

The Hongkong Postal Guide for 1922 is now on sale at the G.P.O. at 50 cents
 a Copy.

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the
 time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close
 at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the
 previous day.

INWARD MAILS.

FROM	FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8.	THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7.
Japan	Takeoka Maru	Takeoka Maru
Australia and Manila	Aratara	Aratara
Japan	Kamakura Maru	Kamakura Maru
Canada, U.S.A. Japan and Shanghai	Pres. McKinley	Pres. McKinley
Shanghai	Kanchow	Kanchow
Straits	Suwa Maru	Suwa Maru
Shanghai	Szechuen	Szechuen
Shanghai	Sinkiang	Sinkiang
Australia and Manila	Yoshino Maru	Yoshino Maru
Bombay and Straits	Tamba Maru	Tamba Maru
Calcutta and Straits	Yamagata Maru	Yamagata Maru

OUTWARD MAILS.

FOR	FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8.	THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7.
Samshui and Wuchow	Leung Kwong 4 p.m.	Leung Kwong 4 p.m.
Philippine Islands	City of Florence 4 p.m.	City of Florence 4 p.m.
Boihow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Kailong 5 p.m.	Kailong 5 p.m.
Amoy	Jaou 5 p.m.	Jaou 5 p.m.
Fort Bayard	Hok Canton 5 p.m.	Hok Canton 5 p.m.
Shanghai and North China	Macdonald 5 p.m.	Macdonald 5 p.m.
Amoy	Kiungchow 10 a.m.	Kiungchow 10 a.m.
Keelung, Shanghai, North China Japan,		
Hokohoku, Canada, United States,		
Central & South America & EUROPE		
via SAN FRANCISCO—due San		
Francisco 8th Oct. Registration 1.45		
p.m. Letters 2.30 p.m.		
Shanghai	Taiyo Maru 2 p.m.	Taiyo Maru 2 p.m.
Fort Bayard	Shunahing 2 p.m.	Shunahing 2 p.m.
Straits	Yaru 2.30 p.m.	Yaru 2.30 p.m.
Shanghai and North China	Soochow 4.30 p.m.	Soochow 4.30 p.m.
Bangkok	Lean Samud 5 p.m.	Lean Samud 5 p.m.
Japan	Kutang 5 p.m.	Kutang 5 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung	Amakusa Maru 9 a.m.	Amakusa Maru 9 a.m.
Straits and Egypt	Rhosu 10.50 a.m.	Rhosu 10.50 a.m.
Shanghai and North China	Hangchow 2 p.m.	Hangchow 2 p.m.
Philippine Islands	Pres. MacKinley 4.30 p.m.	Pres. MacKinley 4.30 p.m.
Sandakan	Hinang 11 a.m.	Hinang 11 a.m.
Shanghai and North China	Kachow 2.10 p.m.	Kachow 2.10 p.m.
Swatow and Bangkok	Kwangchow 2.30 p.m.	Kwangchow 2.30 p.m.
Tientsin	Chongchow 3 p.m.	Chongchow 3 p.m.
Hoibow and Haiphong	Mingang 5 p.m.	Mingang 5 p.m.
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13.		
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, L. Mar-		
ques, South Africa, India, via Shanghai,		
Aden, Egypt and EUROPE via		
MAKUHARA—due Marseilles 16th		
Oct. Parole—Tuesday, 11th 5 p.m.		
Registration 8.15 a.m. Letters 9 a.m.		
Novara		
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.		
Swatow, Amoy and Fochow	Haihoag Noon.	Haihoag Noon.
Haiphong, Saigon, Straits, Cey-		
lon, Mauritius, L. Marques, South		
Africa, India, via Shanghai, Aden,		
Aden, Egypt and EUROPE via		
MAKUHARA 24th Oct. Re-		
gistration 1.45 p.m. Letters 2.30 p.m.		
Amazona		

*Correspondence to (a) in vessels name only.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

THE CORONET

Thurs., Fri., Sat.
 at 8.30, 5.15, 7.15 and 9.15

TOM MOORE

in

THE GREAT

ACCIDENT.

KOWLOON THEATRE

To-day at 9.15

HERBERT RAWLINSON

in

PASSERS-BY.

COMEDY & GAZETTE.



Hongkong's Most Modern and Coolest Picture Palace.

T-TAY at 5.15 and 9.15 p.m.

REALART PICTURES present
WANDA HAWLEY

in
"THE SNOB"

9.30 p.m. & 7.15 p.m.

CHARLES HUTCHISON (The Death-Defying Hero
 of Daredevil Deeds) in **"DOUBLE ADVENTURE"**
 Episodes, 1 and 2

Usual Prices. Booking at the Theatre.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Kiungchow (B. & S.) from Amoy—
 Taikoo Dock.
 Seitan, (Nemaroo) from Singapore,
 Saigon.—B22.
 Kingon, (Po Yan